

University of Rajasthan Jaipur

SYLLABUS

M.Sc. (HOME SCIENCE)

DEVELOPMENT COMMUNICATION AND EXTENSION

(Semester Scheme)

I & II SEMESTER 2023-24

III & IV SEMESTER 2024-25

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¿Learning Outcome of M.Sc. Development Communication and Extension (DCE)

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The MS sprograme in Development Communication and Extension will make the andress
national vision issues and challenges of development in pictural and for rank India; in
particular The nucleus, would gain knowledge regarding associoe-extension convincement of relate
with special reference to mail India. Two would also been deter nearly institution and their
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In a nethbal, the students would be presented to work in Government organisations (GOs) and Non-Government Organisations (NGOs) for community development. They may be absorbed as development communicates: They may start their own ventures. Further, they may also seek employment in research insististicas.

&Learning Outcome of M.Sc. Development Communication and Extension (DCE)

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M.Sc. Home Science

Development Communication and Extension

Subject Code: DCE Course Category

CCC: Compulsory Core Course

L: Lecture, T: Tutorial, P: Practicals

ECC: Elective Core Course

FIRST SEMESTER

S. No	Subject Code	Course title	Category	Credit		tact Ho er weel		EO Dura (Ho	ition
					L	T	P	Th.	Р
1.	DCE 701	Community organization and extension	CCC	4	4	0	0	3	0
2.	DCE 702	Advanced development communication	CCC	4	4	0	0	3	0
3.	DCE 703	Entrepreneurship development for women	CCC	4	4	0	0	3	0
4.	DCE 711	Advanced development communication	CCC	6	0	0	9	0	4
5.	DCE A01	Research methodology	ECC	4	4	0	0	3	0
6.	DCE A02	Science and Technology for Development	ECC	4	4	0	0	3	0
7.	DCE A03	Human Rights and Duties	ECC	4	- 4	0	0	3	0
8.	DCE A11	Communication skills	ECC	6	0	0	9	0	4

CCC=18, ECC=18 Total=36

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COMMUNITY ORGANIZATION AND EXTENSION (THEORY) Paper Code: DCE 701 Credit-4 Max. Marks: 100 Teaching Hours: 4 hours. /week Total Teaching Workload: 60 hours. /semester **Objectives:** To enable students to: 1. Understand the principles of community organization 2. Acquire skill in developing leadership in rural people 3. To develop understanding about group behaviour and dynamics for effective communication and group management Contents: UNIT- I Hours Introduction to extension Concept of education, non-formal, formal, informal and extension education 1. objectives of extension education 5 2 Scope of extension education 2. 2 Principles of extension education 3. 2 Process of extension education 4. 2 Oualities of an extension worker 5. Philosophy of extension education 3 6. UNIT- II Concept of community, community structure and organization Community: concept and characteristics of a community. 8. Structure and organization of different types of communities: tribal, rural and 9. 6 urban and urban slums Community organization: concept, meaning, scope, principles, process and 6 10. identifying the role of individuals in the community Role and quality of a community organizer 3 11. UNIT-III **Group Dynamics** Community organizations – PRIs, cooperatives, women organizations, youth 12. organizations and other organizations for community empowerment Concept of group dynamics - meaning, characteristics, types and functions of 13. groups, stages and process of group formation, group norms and structure 8 Components of group dynamics - cooperation, competition, communication, group pressure, group cohesiveness, leadership, managing group and team building Leadership-concept, selection of leader, theories and training for developing 6 14. leadership References: 1. Dahama, O.P. and Bhatnagar, O. P. Education and Communication for Development, Oxford and IBH Publishers, New Delhi, Co. Pvt. Ltd.1999. 2. Supe, S.V. An Introduction to Extension Education, Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. Pvt.

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Ltd. New Delhi, 1983.

3. Ray, G.L. Extension Communication and Management, Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi, 1991.

ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT COMMUNICATION (THEORY)

Paper Code: DCE 702

Credit-4

Max. Marks: 100

Teaching Hours: 4hours./week

Total Teaching Workload: 60 hours. /semester

Objectives:

To enable students to-

- 1. Understand the various facets of communication and its significance for extension and national development.
- 2. Understand different forms of media and ways to promote them.

Contents:

UNIT- I

Concept and historical overview of developmentHours

1.	Histori	ical overview	v of develop	ment over	the	years	and reco	ognition of	2
	develo	pment concep	ot post World	War II					
2.	signific		developmentics of development:		on, co	oncept,	nature,	evolution,	6
3.	•	Economic green Social equity Participatory	owth model model						3 2 3

UNIT- II

Issues to development and development communication

	4.	Indicators of development- human development index, gender empowerment	6
	. v	measures, human poverty index, global ratings of countries based on the indices	
	5.	Classification of regions and countries on the basis of development.	4
		Definition, evolution with respect to historical and cultural perspective of	
		development communication.	
	6.	Nature, role and significance of development communication	4
-	7.	Inter-relationship between development and development communication	2

UNIT-III

Develo	pment Communication	
8.	Models of development communication:	8
office and a second sec	Dominant paradigm of development	
and an analog of the state of t	Dependency model	
	New paradigm of development	
9.	Approaches of development communication	А
	Interpersonal Approach	3
	Mass media Approach	3

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*	Integrated Approach	
10.	Folk Media: folk songs, puppetry, drama, songs, stories, etc.	5
11.	Promotion of development communication by government: role of government agencies like Akashwani, DAVP, IEC bureau, resource centers, IIMC, songs and drama division etc.	5

References:

- 1. Melcote. S.R. Communication for Development in the Third World Theory and Practice, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 1991.
- 2. Mehta SR (Ed.). Communication and Development: Issuer and Perspective, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 1992.
- 3. Modi Bella: Designing Message for Development Communication and Audience Participation- Based Approach, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 1991.
- 4. Melcote, S.R. and Vallath C. Communication Gap in Development, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 1992.
- 5. Sharma S.C..India Communication and Development. Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 1987.
- 6. Nair K.S. and White Shirley (Eds.). Perspective of Development Communication. Sage Publications, New Delhi, 1993.
- 7. Dua, M.R. and Gupta V.S. Media and Development, AMIC Singapole and HarAnand Publications, New Delhi, 1994.
- 8. Reddy A.A. Extension Education, Sri Lakshmi Press, Bapalta, 1971.
- 9. Directorate of Extension, Extension Education in Community Development, Ministry of Agriculture, Government of India, 1971.
- 10. Rogers, Everett M. Diffusion of Innovations, Free Press, New York, 1962.
- 11. Government of India, Directorate of Extension New Delhi: Extension Education of Community Development.
- 12. Saville. A.H. Extension in Rural Communities, Oxford University Press, 1965.
- 13. Dahama, O.P. and Bhatnagar, O.P. Education and Communication for Development, Oxford and IBH Publications, 1980.
- 14. Rudhramarthi, V Extension in Planned Social Change, Allied Publishers, Madras, 164, Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. New Delhi. 1980.
- 15. Govind, S. Tamilsalvi, G. and Meenambigai, J. Extension Education and Rural Development, Agrobios, 2010.
- 16. Naurla, U. Handbook of Communication, Models, Perspectives, strategies, Vishal, Enclave, Opp. Rajouri Garden, New-Delhi, 2006.

ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT FOR WOMEN (THEORY)

Paper Code: DCE 703

Credit-4

Max. Marks: 100

Teaching Hours: 4 hours. /week

Total Teaching Workload: 60 hours. /semester

Objectives:

To enable students to:

- 1. Develop understanding of enterprise
- 2. Develop understanding about entrepreneurial growth

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	3.	To understand the various infrastructures for employment and income generation	•
	4.	Acquire skills in planning project proposals	
(Cont	ents:	-
I	UNIT	Γ- I	
I	Entre	epreneurshipHours	
	1.	Concept, growth, role and factors affecting entrepreneurial growth in India	4
2	2.	Women entrepreneurship – status, categories, challenges, entrepreneurial	6
	,	opportunities in different sectors,	0
	3.	Entrepreneurship development programmes	8
	UNIT		
Acceptance		rprise establishment	
14	4.	Essentials of enterprise setting	~
		 Drafting of project proposal. 	2 2
		• Insurance.	2
		Registration.	4
		Support Systems : financial and non-financial	2
	_	Enterprise feasibility and viability – technical, financial, social	
5	5.	Legal aspects	
		 Business and industrial laws. 	2
		• Taxation.	2
		Enterprise implementation and monitoring.	2 2
		Enterprise growth and development : expansion and diversification	2
		Enterprise failure: causes and remedies	_
I	UNIT	r- IIII	
		agement of Enterprise	
16	5.	Finance	
		Maintenance of essential account records	2
		Costing and pricing	2
		Profit and loss calculation	2 2
-	7.	 Auditing and preparation of balance sheet Personnel: organizing worker for better performance: basic principles and 	6
'		techniques.	
8	8.	Marketing, packaging and storing:	
		Marketing, advertising and salesmanship, quality control and improving	
		standards	2
		Packaging, labeling and standardization (ISO, BIS, Agmark and Others)	2 2 2
_		Managing stores	<u></u>
1		rences :	
	1.	Jain, D. Women's Employment, Possibilities of Relevant Research, Institute of	of Socia
		Studies, 1980.	
	2.	Nayak, J. Pinto, T. and Costa, S. Towards Self reliance, Income Generation for	Women
		ISI Programme of Women's Development, 1980.	5 10

- 3. Mitra, A. The Status of Women, Household and non-Household Economic Activity, ICSSR Programme of Women's Studies III Allied, 1979.
- 4. Bhatt, E.R. Economic Status of Self Employed Women in Garment Industry, Gandhi MajdoorSevalaya, Ahmedabad, 1979.
- 5. Labour Bureau, Ministry of Employment of Labour, Chandigarh. Study of Women in Selected Industries, 1979.
- 6. Mitra, A. The status of Women-Literacy and Employment, ICSSR Programme of Women's Studies Allied, 1979.
- 7. Paul, J. Kumar, N.J. and Mampilly, Paul J. Entrepreneurship development, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai, 1996.
- 8. Young, T. L. Planning Project, Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1998.
- 9. Young, T. L. Implementing Project, Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1998.
- 10. Akhouri, M.M.P. Entrepreneurship for women in India, New Delhi, NIESBUD, 1990.

Periodicals:

- 1. Yojana, Publication Division, New Delhi.
- 2. Kurukshetra Publication Division, New Delhi.

ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT COMMUNICATION (PRACTICAL)

Paper Code: DCE711

Credit-6

Max. Marks: 100

Teaching Hours: 3 practicals/week (3 hours/practical)

Teaching Workload: 45 practicals /semester

Objectives:

- 1. To sensitize students regarding the functioning, strength and weakness of developmental organizations.
- 2. To develop the skill of critical analysis
- 3. To develop the skill of designing communication material for communication kit
- 4. To make them enable to express themselves through folk media to enrich their skill in organizing an exhibition

Cont	tents:	Practical
	Visit to developmental organizations with special reference to their	6
1	structure, activities/ programmes, strengths and weaknesses and Collect	
	&analyze IEC material(soft/hard copy)	
	 Self help Groups 	
	Youth organizations	
	 Non Government Organizations 	
	 Caste based organizations 	- ·
	 Local unit of ICDS (Aanganwari) 	
	 Panchayati Raj Institutes 	
2	 Public health centers 	
3	Prepare, present and discuss the report of visits	

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· i · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Develop skill in designing various communication material for	5
4	communication kit (Poster, Chart, folder, flash cards, pamphlets etc) based	
4	on the experience drawn from visits and classroom discussions	16
	Develop skills in folk media	
	1) Puppetry	15
	 Develop a story 	
	 Preparation of puppets 	
	Puppet play	
5	2) Social drama	4
	Plan and arrange an exhibition of designed IEC material	
	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY (THEODY)	

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY (THEORY)

Paper Code: DCE A01

Credit-4

Max. Marks: 100

Teaching Hours: 4 hours/week

Total Teaching Workload: 60 hours/Semester

Objectives:

- 1. To understand the basic concepts of research methodology.
- 2. To be able to understand the various steps of research methods.
- 3. To enable the students to understand various research designs, sampling techniques, methods of collecting data.
- 4. To enable the students to prepare and present report for dissertation purpose

Contents:

UNI	[-I	Hours
1.	Research purpose and objectives.	4
2.	Definition and identification of research problem, selection of problem,	6
2	hypotheses, basis assumption and limitation of problem.	
3. 4.	Review of literature: importance, sources and writing review of literature.	6
7.	Research designs: purpose and types.	6
UNIT	T-II	
5.	Technique of sampling- Census and sampling methods, probability and non-	8
	probability sampling procedures, sample size.	
6.	Data gathering instruments, measurements and scales, reliability and validity	6
	of measuring instruments- Questionnaire, Schedule, Score card, checklist.	
7.	Methods of collecting data: Questionnaire, interview technique, observation,	
	case study, focus group discussion.	6
UNIT	F-III	
8.	Planning, executing and analysis of large scale surveys with special emphasis	6
•	of surveys in Home science.	
9.	Presentation and preparation of report for dissertation publication.	6

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	Bibliography: Importance of method of writing references of	f book, journals,
10.	proceedings and websites.	

References:

- 1. Simpson, George, Kafka, Fritz, <u>Basic statistics: a textbook</u> for the first course, Oxford and IBH Publishers, New Delhi, 1977.
- 2. Taro Yamme, Sampling Theory, Prentice-Hall Publishers, New Delhi1967.
- 3. Snedecor and Cocharan, Statistics Methods, Oxford and I.B.H. Publishers, Calcutta, 1968.
- 4. Gupta S.P., Statistics Methods, Sultan Chand and Co., New Delhi, 2008.
- 5. Good C.V. and Carter D.E., Methods of Research-Educational Psychological Application, Century Craft, New York 1954.
- 6. Kerlinger F.A., Foundation of Behavioural Research, Century Craft, New York, 1966.
- 7. Yound P.V. and Schind C.G., Scientific Social Survey and Research, Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 1968.
- 8. Philips B.S, Social Research, Strategy and Tactics, MacMillan, New York, 1976.
- 9. Mussed Paul, Hand book of Research Methods in Child Development, John Wiley & Sons Inc, 1960.
- 10. Devdas R.P. and Kulandaivel, Hand Book of Research Methodology, Sri Ram Krishna mission vidhyalaya, 1971.
- 11. Krishnaswami R.P., Methodology of Research in Social Sciences, 1st edition, Himalaya Publishing house, Mumbai, 1993.

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SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY FOR WOMEN (THEORY)

Paper Code: DCEA02

Credits: 4

Max. Marks: 100

Teaching Hours: 4hours /week

Total Teaching Workload: 60 hours /semester

Objectives: To enable the students to -

1. develop a scientific temper to promote rural development.

2. gain knowledge in applied technologies for rural development with special reference to women.

Unit	I	Hours
1	Appropriate technology - Meaning of appropriate technology, affordable technology, intermediate technology; criteria, need and classification of technology	4
2	Transfer of technology- concept and factors affecting TOT	4
3	Role of science and technology in empowerment of women, challenges face by rural women in accessing technology	4
4	Women workload in changing context- economic changes, environmental changes and socio-culture changes	4
5.	Waste management- concept, types of waste and waste recycling.	8
	Improved grain storage at domestic level, farm level and at large scales	<u> </u>
UNIT		
6.	Technologies for rural women and their management-	8
	 Food processing- science and technology as applied to the field of nutrition – low 	
	cost, indigenous, fast and convenience foods,	
	Food preservation	
	 Vermicomosting 	
	Kitchen gardening	
7.	Energy management-	
	1. Fuel Management – Use of fuel wood – present practices and problems, smokeless	8
	Chulah, use of 'alternate' non-conventional sources of energy including wind and	
	wave	- Hardware and
UNIT		
8.	Energy management-	8
"	2. Biogas- Scope and principles and application	
	3. Solar Energy-scope, advantages and solar energy devices	
9.	Agencies involved in promoting science and technology for rural development - institutions	12
7.	involved – DST, CAPART, Indian Renewable Energy Development Agency (IREDA),	
	Ministry of Non-conventional Energy Sources, FAO, ICAR	
D.E.		
Kele	rences-	

- 1. Raj Mohini, S. Women in Agriculture Kaveri Printers, New Delhi, 1991.
- 2. Campbell, M.J. (Ed.) New Technology and Rural Development, Billings and Sons Ltd., Great Britain, 1990.
- 3. Punia, R. K. Women in Agriculture, Vol. I and II, Northern Book Centre, New Delhi, 1991.
- 4. Chawla, O.P. Advances in Bio-gas Technology, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, New Delhi, 1989.

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- 5. Garg, H.P. and Prakash, J. Solar Energy Fundamentals and Applications, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi, 1997.
 - 6. David Elliot, Energy, Society and Environment Technology for a sustainable future, Routledge Publishers, London, 1997.
 - 7. Swaminathan, M., Advanced Textbook on Food and Nutrition, The Bangalore Printing and Publishing Co. Ltd., 2 Edition, 1985.
 - 8. Department of Science and Technology, Models for Rural Application, Progressive Printers, New Delhi, 1995.
 - 9. Prescott, B.C. and Proctor, B. K. Food Technology, McGraw Hill Book Company, New York, 1987.
 - 10. VinkataRamana. P. Rural and Renewable Energy: Perspectives from Developing Countries, Tata Energy Research Institute, New Delhi.
 - 11. Qasim, S.Z. Science and Quality of Life, The off setters, New Delhi, 1992.
 - 12. Centre of Science for Village, Wardha Science and Technology for Women (A Compendium of Technologies), Department of Science and Technology, New Delhi, 1989.
 - 13. Siddappa, L. S. and Tandon, G. M. Preservation of Fruits and Vegetables, ICAR, New Delhi, 1984. Prescott, S.C. and Proctor, B. K., Food Technology, McGraw Hill Book Company, New York, 1987.

Journals

- 1. Yojana
- 2. CAPART Press Clippings.
- 3. KhadiGramodyog
- 4. Construction on Rural Technology

HUMAN RIGHTS AND DUTIES (THEORY)

Paper Code: DCE A03

Credits: 4

Max. Marks: 100

Teaching Hours: 4hours /week

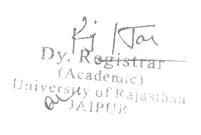
Total Teaching Workload: 60 hours /semester

Objectives:

- 1. To enable the students to understand the issues concerning the rights and duties in general and the marginalized groups in particular.
- 2. To practice on self those values: self inculcation, endeavor to live up to those ideas i.e. duty to respect other rights, respect each other human dignity

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UNIT	, Tr	
1.	Background of human rights	16
	History and origin of human rights	
	 Indian constitution and human rights 	
	Human rights in international context (UN)	
	 Universal declaration of human rights 1948 	
	 International covenants on civil and political rights 1966. 	
	 International covenants on economics, social and cultural Rights 1966 	
	 Convention on elimination of all forms of discrimination against women 1979. 	
	• Convention on the rights of the child 1989	
	 UN declaration and duties and responsibilities of individuals 1997 	
	 UN High commission for human rights and the committees under the 	
	various conventions.	
	Concept of Human Rights and Duties	5
	 Values: dignity, liberty, equality, justice, unity in diversity. 	
	 Inherent, inalienable, universal and indivisible 	
3	Classification of rights	2
-	Classification of duties	2
JNIT-		
5	Human rights and duties in India	4
	• Evolution	
	• Fundamental rights	
	Directive principals of state policy	
	Fundamental duties	3
	Judiciary	3
	National and state human rights commission and other grievance	3
	Redressed mechanisms	2
0	NGOs, social movements and pressure groups	3
1	Information media	2
JNIT-		
2	Importance of internalizing of human rights and duties- urgent need for not only	7
	sensitizing others of human rights and duties, but of practicing on self those values	,
	• Self inculcation	
	• Endeavor to give up to those ideas	
	Duty to respect other's rights	
	Respect each other's human dignity	
3.	Societal problems in private and public domains	
٠.		8
	• Core Problems: poverty, underdevelopment and illiteracy	
	Some specific problems: Commercial and costs conflicts and to a series and to a seri	
	i. Commercial and caste conflicts and tensions	
	ii. Discrimination and violence against women and children	



	iii.	harassment	- New York
	iv.	Violence, trafficking child labour, bonded labour and others.	
	v.	Custodial violence	
	vi.	Problems of health and environmental protection	
Reference	26.		

- 1. Agarwal, Anil and Narain.S. Global Warming and Unequal world: A Case of Environmental colonialism. Center for Science and Environment, New Delhi, 1991.
- 2. Baxi, Upendra. The Future of Human Rights, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2002.
- 3. Beteille, Andre. Antinomies of Society: Essays on ideology and institutions. Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2003
- 4. Chandhoke, Neera. Conceits of civil Society. Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2003.
- 5. Geetha, V. Gender, Street Publication, Kolkata, 2002.
- 6. Shanshyam Shan. Social Movements in India. Sage Publication, New Delhi, 1991.
- 7. Guha, Ramachandra and MadhavGadgil. Environmental History of India. University of California Press, Berkeley, 1993.
- 8. Haragopal, G. The Political Economy of Human Rights. Himachal Publishing House, Mumbai, 1997.
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COMMUNICATION SKILLS (PRACTICAL)

Paper Code: DCE A11

Credits- 6

Max. Marks: 100

Teaching Hours: 3 practicals/week (3 hours/practical)

Total Teaching Workload: 45 practicals /semester

Objectives:

The students should be able to:

- 1. Develop and apply skills of oral presentation, discussion, writing composition, CV, minutes reports.
- 2. Read and write notes from different sources.
- 3. Search and interpret information from various sources.
- 4. Use appropriate skills in interpreting and answering oral and written questions in tests, examinations and other contexts.

Contents: Prac	
1. Searching Information	
Using library and internet.	2
Using a dictionary and encyclopedia, thesaurus.	2
2. Taking and making notes	
Notes taking skills.	2
Notes making skills	2
3. Reading skills:	
Reading Rates	2
Skimming and scanning skills.	2
 Intensive and extensive reading. 	2
Copying with unfamiliar words.	2
4. Writing skills	
Effective writing- Sentence and paragraph construction	2
Precise writing- Summarizing	2
• Referencing skills Referencing skills	2

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5. Written forms	
Business letters	2
• Emails	2
Job application letter- Cover letter, Resume	2
Letter to the éditor and social appeals	2
6. Oral presentation	
• Treatment of reports for presentation.	3
 Practice in using media in oral presentation 	2
7. Interview skills for Face to Face and Telephonic interviews	2
• Content	2
 Preparing questions 	1
• Graphics (camera shots, lightings and sound effects)	2
 Communication skills during Interview (with emphasis on 	
pronunciation, confidence, dictation, audible, moderate, sp	peech speed etc.
 Understanding body language of interviewer (body posture 	e, appearance 2
etc.)	
8. Feedback skills – during and after communication	
 Descriptive method 	2
• Five point rating scale	
References:	
1 11 1 17	

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- 2. Raman, M. & Sharma, S. Technical communication-Principles and Practice, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2004.
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- 5. Selly, J. The oxford guide to writing and Speaking, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2004.
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M.Sc. Home Science

Development Communication and Extension

Subject Code: DCE Course Category

CCC: Compulsory Core Course

ECC: Elective Core Course

L: Lecture, T: Tutorial, P: Practicals

SECOND SEMESTER

S. No`	Subject Code	Course title	Category	Credit	Contact Hours per week		EOSE Duration (Hours)		
					L	T	P	Th	P
1	DCE 801	Life Long Learning	CCC	4	4	0	0	3	0
2	DCE 802	Extension Programme Design and Evaluation	CCC	4	4	0	0	3	0
3	DCE 803	NGO Management	CCC	4	4	0	0	3	0
4	DCE 811	Extension Programme Design and Evaluation	CCC	6	0	0	9	0	4
5	DCE B01	Statistics	ECC	4	4	0	0	3	0
6	DCE B02	Indian Socio-Economic Environment	ECC	4	4	0	0	3	0
7	DCE B11	NGO Placements	SSECC	4	0	0	6	0	4
8	DCE B12	Entrepreneurship Development for Women	ECC	6	0	0	9	0	4

CCC=18, ECC=18 Total=36

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SECOND SEMESTER

LIFE LONG LEARNING (THEORY)

Paper Code: DCE 801

Credits: 4

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Max. Marks: 100

Teaching Hours: 4 hours /week

Total Teaching Workload: 60 hours /semester

Objectives- To enable students to

1. understand the conceptual framework of adult and lifelong learning.

2. gain insight into the relationship between literacy, adult education and lifelong learning.

3. understand the role of lifelong learning in context of Nation building.

Content		
Unit I		Hours
1	Concepts and terminologies related to lifelong learning: andragogy & pedagogy, lifelong learning, continuing education, formal education, non-formal education, incidental learning, illiteracy and its forms	3
2	Introduction to adult learning, characteristics of adults, learning span, factors facilitating adult learning	3
3	Application of learning principles in practice of lifelong learning,	3
4	Genesis, history and growth of the LLL/ non-formal education programme in India	3
5	Agencies involved: role of Indian Adult Education Association, Indian University Association for Continuing Education, State Resource Centre, Universities, Department of Education and Adult Education of the Centre and States. NGO/VO, NLM authority, SLM authority, Jan ShikshanSansthan in LLL/ non formal education	12
Unit II		
6	Curriculum of Non-formal Education: Preparation of need based curriculum for different kinds of adult education and functional literacy programmes for adults.	5
7	Materials for adult education- primers, teacher guides, work books and instructional aids. Preparation, selection and use of different learning materials for various target groups. Use of various extension teaching methods and audio visual aids, relevance of digital primer in adult education for India and the region, importance of the use of folk media	11
Unit III		
8	Importance of Experiential learning for Adults- characteristics and steps of experiential learning cycle	4
9	Steps in organizing educational programme for adults, planning and execution of the programme involving various government and non-government agencies and institutions.	8

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- 1. www.unesco.org/education/aladin/paldin/pdf/course 01.pdf
- 2. En.wikipedia.org/wiki/lifelong_learning
- 3. Preece, J., Lifelong Learning and Development: A southern Perspective, London. Continuum International Publishing Groups, 2009
- 4. Rajesh and Dixit, V.K., Liife long Learning: Issues and Challenges, Global book Organisation, New Delhi . 2011
- 5. Singh, Madhu, Life long Learning, Humberg: UNESCO Institute of Life Long Learning, (ed 2002),
- 6. Rosengreen, K.E., Communication: an introduction, New Delhi: Sage Publication.
- 7. Armstrong, M., A hand book of Human Resource Mangment Practices, UK: Kogan Page Limited. 2007
- 8. Klein, B.M and Osborne, M., The concepts and practices of Life long Learning, Taylor and Francis e-library, 2007
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Periodicals:

- 1. Indian Journal of Adult Education. Indian Adult Education Association, New Delhi.
- 2. Social Change, Council of Social Development, New Delhi.
- 3. Indian Journal of Extension Education, Indian Society of Extension, Education, New Delhi

EXTENSION PROGRAMME DESIGN AND EVALUATION (THEORY)

Paper Code: DCE802

Credits: 4

Max. Marks: 100

Teaching Hours: 4hours /week

Total Teaching Workload: 60 hours /semester

Objectives:

To enable students to

- 1. understand the extension programme and their planning
- 2. understand the need assessment techniques and plan of work
- understand the relationship of

Coi	itents:	Hours
UN	IT I	
1.	Extension Programme: Meaning, need and Characteristics	4
2	Programme objective: Meaning, role, levels, components, qualities, and writing programme objectives	3
3	Need and Need identification: Concepts, characteristics and types of needs. Applications of different PRA techniques in need identification	5
4	Application of management principles in design extension programme	4

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5	Programme Planning: meaning, nature and principles	4
Uni	t II	<u> </u>
6	Process of programme planning	4
7	Plan of work: Meaning, importance, elements, criteria of a good plan and	4
	developing a plan of work	
8	Programme implementation: Meaning, steps	4
9	Problems in implementation	2
10	Role of local bodies and extension agencies in programme implementation	4
UN	IT III	
11	Feedback - role of management information systems	4
12	Monitoring: concept, purpose, types and steps	4
13	Evaluation: Meaning, objectives, purpose, types, steps, tools and techniques for evaluation	5
•	Follow up: Need, methods and making the programme self sustaining	The right of the r
14	Report writing and documentation: preparing a project report: need and procedure	4
15	for reporting and documentation	5
Ref	erences:	L
	1. Burkley, S. People First: A Guide of Self Reliant Participatory Development. L	ondon:
	Zed Books, New Delh,. 1993.	
2	2. The Right to Development, Centre for Development and Human Rights, New	Delhi.
	2003	,
2	3. Drez, J. and Sen, A.K. India-Economic Development and Social Oxford Uni	versity
	Press, New Delhi, 1995.	
4	4. Edwards, M. and Hulme, D. Making a Difference: NGOs and Development	t in a
	Changing World. Earthscen Publications Ltd. London, 1992.	
4	5. Edwards, M. and Hulme, D. Beyond the Magic Bullet: NGO Performe	r and
	Accountability in the Post Cold War World. Kumarin Press, West Ha	rtford.
	Connecticut, 1996.	,
6	5. Fischer, J. NGOs and Political Development of the Third World. Kumarin Press	West
	Hartford, Connecticut, 1998.	,
1	7. Grayson, D. and Hodges, A. Corporate Social Opportunity. Greenleaf Publishin	g Ltd.
	Sheffield, U.K., 2004.	5 2
8	3. Gedam, R. Development planning - Origin and Growth Akashdeep Publications	. New
	Delhi.1991.	,
(9. Korten D.C. People Centered Development – Greeting to the 21 stCentury, Ku	
	Press, West Hartford, Connecticut, 1990.	unarın
	1 1000, West Hartford, Connecticut, 1990.	

10. Kumar S. Methods for Community Participation. Sage Publications, New Delhi, 2002.

11. Padaki. V and Vaz M. Institutional Development in Social Intervention. Sage Publications, New Delhi, 2003

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- 12. Pareek U. Behavioral Process in Organizations. Oxford and IBH. New Delhi, 1989.
- 13. Reidar, D. Evaluating Development Programme and Projects. Sage Publications, New Delhi, 2004.
- 14. Singh, K. Rural Development Principals Policies and Management. Sage Publications. New Delhi, 1999.
- 15. Govind, S., Tamilselvi G. and Meenambigai, J., Extension Educational and Rural Development, Agrobios, Jodhpur, 2011.

NGO MANAGEMENT (THEOR ¥)

Paper Code: DCE 803

Credits: 4

5

Max. Marks: 100

Table William III

Teaching Hours: 4 classes /week

Total Teaching Workload: 60 hours /semester

Objectives:

The students should be able to:

1. To enable students to understand and acquire skill to start and run a NGO

Contents:

UNI'	T-I Hours	
1. N	Meaning and genesis of NGOs, voluntary organization and civil societies.	7
2 R	Role of NGOs in development	3
3 P	roblems faced by NGO's	3
4. S	tart up of NGOs-Constitutional requirements, registration, infrastructural creation	4
UNI	T- II	
5 C	Creation of funds.	5
7 S	External and Internal – donor agencies- national and international. Strategic Planning and implementation of development programmes in different areas of	5 9
	peration. T – III	
	Government policies and programmes for NGOs	6
9	Agencies involved in training of NGOs-NIRD, NIPCCD, CAPART, CARPET etc.	1
		0
10	Documentation and report writing	8

References:

- 1. Bhatia, A. Women's Development and NGOs. Published by Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 2000.
- 2. Fisher, J. Nongovernments: NGOs and the Political Development of the Third World, Kumarian Press, West Hartford, 1998.
- 3. Thomas, A. Carr, S. and Humphreys, D., Environmental Policies and NGO Influence. Land Degradation and Sustainable Resource Management in Sub-Saharan Africa, Routledge, London, 2001.
- 4. Developmental programmes In India, http://www.gktoday.in/archive-india-development-programmes_28/ dated 18-3-2014.
- 5. Developmental programmes in India, http://appscmaterial.blogspot.in/2010/08/india-

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- 7. Shahrbanou, T. State HDRs in India: Documentation/Assessment/Evaluation and Recommendations, August 2005, New Delhi: UNDP, 2005.

EXTENSION PROGRAMME DESIGN AND EVALUATION (PRACTICAL)

Paper Code: DCE 811

Credits: 6

Max. Marks: 100

Teaching Hours: 3 practicals /week (3 hour/practical)
Total Teaching Workload: 45practicals /semester

Objectives:

The students should able to:

1. Design a need based extension programme.

- 2. Acquire skills in various extension teaching methods namely Demonstration, Role play and Group discussion etc
- 3. Acquire skills in evaluation of teaching aids and extension programme

4. Gain knowledge about corporate houses and agencies which are doing extension work and providing resources for extension work.

	Contents:	Practical
1.	Need assessment of the nearby rural/slum community	4
2.	Design extension programme on the basis of identified needs and develop	20
	skills in the followings for successful implementation of the same-	
	• Prepare lesson plan and develop skill in extension teaching methods,	
	applicable to designed programme namely demonstration, lecture,	
	group discussion, role play etc.	
	Design appropriate teaching aid to support selected teaching method	
	 Evaluation of developed teaching aids 	
3	Implement designed extension programme in the field	5
4	Evaluation of implemented programme in field	3
5	Select one corporate house and document, its extension activities/concerns.	5
6	Document the agencies providing different resources for extension work.	5
	CTATICTICES (THEODY)	

STATISTICES (THEORY)

Paper Code: DCEB01

Credits: 4

Max. Marks: 100

Teaching Hours: 4 hours /week

Total Teaching Workload: 60 hours /semester

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1. To understand the basic concepts of statistics.

2. To enable the students to understand various types of statistical tools and their interpretation

	interpretation	
Cont		YY
UNI		Hours
1.	Statistics: meaning, scope and importance in research	4
2	Classification and Tabulation	4
3	Measures of Central Tendency and Dispersion (Mean Median, Mode, Quartiles, Range and Standard Deviation).	5
4	Graphic and Diagrammatic representation of data (Frequency, Histogram, Graphs, Bar-diagram and Pie charts).	10
UNI	ГП	
5	Elementary ideas on Probability (Simple Probability) Skewness and Kurtosis definition. Elementary ideas of random variable and its density function (Binomial, Poison, Uniform, Normal varieties, Normal	10
	distribution and its properties, Use of Normal probability tables).	
6	Elements of testing a Statistical Hypothesis- Formulation of the problem, Definition of type I and II errors. Level of Significance, t-test, Z-test.	7
UNI	TIII	
7	Design of Experiment: Analysis of Variance	4
8	Correlation and Regression: Correlation and its interpretation. Product moment and Rank order. Correlation Coefficient Regression Equations (without derivation) and its interpretations, use of prediction.	6
9	Non-parametric Inference: Sign, Mann Whitney and Chi square test (as goodness of fit and independence of attributes in 2*2 and r*c contingency tables).	5
10	Use of computer of statistical analysis using SPSS.	5

References:

- 1. Simpson, George ,Kafka, Fritz, <u>Basic statistics: a textbook for the first course</u>, Oxford and IBH Publishers, New Delhi, 1977.
- 2. Taro Yamme, Sampling Theory, Prentice-Hall Publishers, New Delhi1967.
- 3. Snedecor and Cocharan, Statistics Methods, Oxford and I.B.H. Publishers, Calcutta, 1968.
- 4. Gupta S.P., Statistics Methods, Sultan Chand and Co., New Delhi, 2008.

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- 11. Krishnaswami R.P., Methodology of Research in Social Sciences, 1st edition, Himalaya Publishing house, Mumbai, 1993

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INDIAN SOCIO - ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT (THEORY)

Paper Code: DCE B02

Credits: 4

Max. Marks: 100

Teaching Hours: 4hours /week

Total Teaching Workload: 60 hours /semester

Objectives:

To enable students to:

- 1. understand the social structure of India
- 2. study the social changes taking place and their impact on society
- 3. develop understanding regarding rural economic environment

4. orient to concepts of economics

4.	offent to concepts of economics	
	I Rural sociology	Hours
1	Orientation and characteristics of rural and tribal society, rural urban differences.	4
2	The physical structure of rural society- pattern of rural settlement, rural resources- man made and human resources, Societal and cultural factors in	3
3	population change. Social institute- concept and functions, major institutes- family, religion, economy and education	3
4	Social change: nature, meaning, directions and role of women in social change, planned social change	3
5	Social issues- education, employment, population, health and sex ratio, migration, slums	3
6	Social Organizations- Characteristics and classification	3
7	Basic elements of rural development	2
8	Barrier to rural economic development	3
9	Role and contribution of women in rural economy	2
Unit	II Introduction to economic environment	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
10	Concept and features of rural economic environment	2
11	Rural marketing- concept and features	4
13	Concept of micro and macro economics	2
14	Classification of economics – capitalistic, socialist, mixed economy, Close and	3
15	open economy. Basic features and challenges of Indian economy	4
Unit	IIIDynamics of rural economic environment	yyanta aya aya aya aya aya aya aya aya aya a
16	Latest trends of key contributors to Indian economy - agriculture sector,	4
17	service sector, manufacturing sector, infrastructure Rural Credit- Evolution, reforms , importance, problems and agencies supplying rural credit	3
18	Rural transport- need, advantages and contribution to economic enviournment	2
19	Land reforms - Major amendments- Abolition of Intermediaries (Abolition of	4
	Zamindari,), Ceiling on land holdings, Consolidation of Holdings, Co-operative	

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20	farming and Land acquisition bill Rural Industries- Classification and basis for classification of small-scale cottage activities, medium-scale village enterprises, and large-scale rural	
21	industries.	3
21	Co-operatives- Concept and contribution	

References

- 1. Ahluwalia, M.S., India's Economic Reforms and Development, Oxford University Press. 2000
- 2. Dutt. R.M. and Sundaram, K.P.M. Indian Economy, NirajPrakashan, New Delhi, 1977.
- 3. Agrawal, A.N. Indian Economy Problems of Development and Planning, New Age Publishers, New Delhi, 1983.
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- 7. Indian-year books, Publication Divisions, Ministry of Information and Broadcasting.
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Journals

- 1. Economics and Political Weekly.
- 2. Journal of Rural Development
- 3. Kurukshetra, Publication of Development, Govt. of India, New Delhi.
- 4. Social Change (Council of Social Development, New Delhi).
- 5. Vohra, Publication of Development, Govt. of India, New Delhi.

NGO PLACEMENTS (PRACTICAL)

Paper Code: DCE B11

Credits: 4

Max. Marks: 100

Teaching Hours: 2practicals /week (3 hours/practical)

Teaching Workload: 30 practicals /semester

Objectives-

To enable students to develop skills of working with development organizations

Content

- 1 Students will be placed in various NGO's to study and acquire skills about following-
 - Profile of NGO
 - Administrative structure
 - Area of work
 - Projects Undertaken
 - Finance and Funding
- 2 Students will prepare and present the report in the class

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ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT FOR WOMEN-II (PRACTICAL) Paper Code: DCE B12 Credits: 6 Max. Marks: 100 Teaching Hours: 2 classes /week (3 hours/class) Total Teaching Workload: 45 practical /semester Objectives: To enable students to develop skills in entrepreneurship development Contents: Classes 1 Visit to support agencies and find out their schemes for women entrepreneurs 1. Non-Financial • DIC (District Industrial Centre) Pollution Control Board SSIB (Small Scale Industries Board) 2. Financial • RFC (Rajasthan Finance Corporation) • RIICO (Rajasthan Industrial Investment Corporation) • SIDBI (Small Industries Development Bank of India) 2 Explore the possibilities for enterprises run by women in the field of a) Clothing Industry b) Textile Industry c) Food Industry d) Ancillary Industry Find out their motivating sources to start the enterprise and their problems. 3 Find out the measures taken by them to solve the problems 4 4 Explore the various schemes of the government to promote entrepreneurship. 5 4 Exploring various entrepreneurial opportunities in the field of Home Science. 6 4 7 Plan a business plan proposal on the following points. a) Entrepreneurs/Enterprise details b) Equipment details c) Procedures for production d) Financial projections e) Technical projection f) Suppliers details (Raw material, Equipments) g) Marketing strategies 8 Case study of successful entrepreneurs 2 9 Motivational approach to entrepreneurship 2 Market assessment for the development of enterprises. 10 2 Lectures by the representatives various agencies (FICCI, women entrepreneurs, Govt. 11 agencies banks etc.) Study the resisters and record maintained by enterprisers 12 1 13 Collection of various labels, Packets and standardization measures. (BSI, ISI, Ag 2

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THIRD SEMESTER

S. No`	Subject Code	Course title	Category Cred	Credit	Ho	Contact Hours per week		per Duration	
					L	T	P	Th.	P
1	DCE 901	Extension Management	CCC	4	4	0	0	3	0
2	DCE 902	Developmental Goals & Strategies	CCC	4	4	0	0	3	0
3	DCE 903	Mass media for Development	CCC	4	4	0	0	3	0
4	DCE 911	Mass Media for Development	CCC	6	0	0	9	0	4
5	DCE C01	Psychology of Human Behaviour	ECC	4	4	0	0	3	0
6	DCE C02	Scientific Writing	ECC	4	4	0	0	3	0
7	DCE C11	Contemporary Developmental Issues in Home Science	SSECC	4	0	0	6	0	4
8	DCE C12	Dissertation-I	ECC	6	0	0	9	0	4

CCC=18, ECC=18 Total=36

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k		EXTENSION MANAGEMENT (THEORY)	
Par	er C	Code: DCE901	
	edits		
		farks: 100	
		ng Hours: 4hours /week	
-	-	eaching Workload: 60 hours /semester	
	jecti enab	ves: ole students to :	
10	Citae	1. understand the principles and characteristics of extension management	
		2. understand management of human resources in extension organization	
Co	nten	ts:	
	IIT-I		Hours
1.		Extension Management- meaning, nature, characteristics and scope	4
 3. 		Principles of extension management	3
Š.		Competencies required by extension managers	
4.		Planning- meaning, elements, characteristics and types. decision making-	8
		meaning and process	
UN	IT-I		
6.		Organizing- meaning, types of organizations, forms of organization structure and	
		process, delegation of authority- meaning, need, principles, centralization and	
-,		decentralization in organization	5
7. 8. 9.		Coordination- meaning, ways of achieving coordination in organization	5
9.		Staffing- Meaning, staff selection and orientation of staff, manpower planning	5
		Directing- meaning, motivation of extension personals, Maslaws theory of	
		motivation	
UI	-TIV	III	
10	•	Controlling- meaning and techniques of controlling - budgetary and non	6
		budgetary control and modern techniques- PERT and CPM	
11		Reporting and budgeting- concept, procedure of writing report	6 8
12	•	Managing human resources within extension - job analysis and performance	6
		appraisal, recruitment of the extension personal, training of the workers, stress	
		management, stimulus and incentives, supervision, ways to achieving effective	
		human relations	
Re		nces:	
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		Company, New Delhi.	
	2.	Ahuja, KK. (1983): Personnel Management. Kalyani	
	3.	Tripathi, PC & Reddy RN. 1983. Principles of Management Tata McGraw Publ	
	4.	Basu, C.R. (1989): Organisation and Management, S. Chand & Co. Ltd., New Dell	ni.

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- 6. Dhama, O.P & Bhatnagar O.P. (1991): Education and Communication for Development.
 Oxford & IBH.
- 7. Chandan, J.S. (1997): Management Concepts and Strategies, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 8. Hersey, Paul and Kenneth, H. Blanchar (1996): Management of Organisational Behaviour, Utilising Human Resources, Prentice Hall of India Private Limited, New Delhi.
- 9. Koontz and Heinz Weihrich (1990): Essentials of Management, McGraw-Hill, New Delhi.
- 10. Prasad, M.L. (1999): Principles and Practice of Management, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi.
- 11. Ramasamy, T. Principles of Management, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai.
- 12. Rao, V.S.P. and Narayana, P.S. (1987): Principles and Practice of Management, Konark Publishers Private Limited, New Delhi.
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- 14. Grover, I. (2002): Extension Management. Agrotech Publ
- 15. Basu, D. (2006) Participatory Monitoring & Evaluation of Development programmes: *Prationer's Guide*. Agrotech Publ. Academy.
- 16. Adhikary, MM. (2006): Participatory Planning & Project Management in Extension Sciences. Agrotech Publ. Academy.
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DEVELOPMENTAL GOALS AND STRATEGIES (THEORY) Paper Code: DCE902 Credits: 4 Max. Marks: 100 Teaching Hours: 4hours /week Total Teaching Workload: 60hours /semester Objectives: To enable students to: 1. Understand the development and indicators of development. 2. Understand the concept of sustainable development and developmental policies. Unit I Concept and Historical Overview of Development Hours 1. Development: Meaning, definition, evolution, concept, significance and paradigms of 5 development 2. Goals and challenges of development 3 Millennium development goals 3. 4 4. Models of development Economic Growth Model Social Equity Model Participatory Model Unit – II Sustainable Development Indicators of Development – Human development index (HDI), Gender 7 empowerment model, Human poverty index, human suffering Index etc Sustainable development: concept, philosophy, goals and challenges 6. 5 Dimensions of sustainable development 7. 2 8. Indicators of sustainable development

Unit -III Development Programmes and Policies

International commitments towards sustainable development

	and the state of t		
10.	Need of planning in India and role of planning commission a	and National	4
	Development Council and NITI Aayog		
11.	Five Year Plans of India		5
12.	History and assessment of poverty alleviation programmes in	n India	3
13.	Role of Panchayati Raj Institutions (PRIs) in rural developm	ent	4
14.	Flagship programmes of government of India		6

References:

9.

- 1. Agrawal, A.N. Indian Economy Problems of Development and Planning, New Age Publishers, New Delhi, 1983.
- 2. Dhingra, I.C. The Indian Economy Resources planning Development and Problems, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, 1981.
- 3. Sundram, K.P.M. Introduction to Indian Economy. Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, 1983.
- 4. Dhingra, T.C. Agricultural Economy of India. Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, 1983.
- 5. Gedam, R. Development planning Origin and Growth. Akashdeep Publications, New Delhi, 1991.
- 6. Korten D.C. People Centered Development Greeting to the 21 st Century, Kumarin Press, West Hartford, Connecticut, 1990

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31.

MASS MEDIA FOR DEVELOPMENT (THEORY)

Paper Code: DCE903

Credits: 4
Max. Marks: 100

Teaching Hours: 4hours /week

Total Teaching Workload: 60 hours /semester

Objectives:

1. To impart knowledge and understanding of various media.

- 2. To enhance the versatility of the students in the selection and use of media in different socio-cultural environments.
- 3. To provide basic knowledge of concept of advertising and use of media in advertising.

Unit l		Hours				
1	Concept, meaning, types, functions, characteristics and scope of various medias in national development	13				
2	Contemporary issues in mass media and development					
3	Credibility for media					
4 5	Sources of information for media production Career options in different media	3				
<i>5</i> 6	Ethics in media	2				
7	Regulating bodies for media- print and broadcast	6				
Unit-		O				
8	Print Media-	16				
	History and development of print media	10				
	Essentials of good writing					
	• Art of expression,					
	 Readability and importance of punctuation for effective writing 					
	Forms of print media					
	 News paper- role and advantages 					
	 Advertisement- types and component 					
Unit-	III					
9	Radio-	14				
	 History and development of broadcasting 					
	 Principles of writing for radio 					
	 Radio studio and radio programme production 					
	 Anchoring radio programme- essentials of effective speaking 					
	 Different styles of radio broadcast- News writing, Feature, Talk, Interview 					
	Documentary, Play, Advertisement, Writing for children, Writing for women, Writing for farmers					
10	Television-	10				
	 Principle of writing for T.V 					
	 Styles of programmers for T.V- News writing, Interview, Advertisement 	,				
	Documentary					
	Social Marketing					

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- 3. Dominic. The dynamics of Mass Communication, Mc Graw Hill Publishing Co., New-Delhi, 3rd ed, 1990.
- 4. Rao, B., fluvision for rural development. Concept Publishing Co., New-Delhi, 1992.
- 5. Joshi. V., Mass Communication and Media. Annual Publications Pvt. Ltd., New-Delhi, 1999.
- 6. Raidu. C.S., Communication, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai, 2009.
- 7. Arora. H., Writing for Media (Hindi). K.K. Publication, New Delhi, 2009
- 8. Shamsi. N., Journalism: Language and Expression, Anmol Publication Pvt Ltd. New Delhi, 2009

MASS MEDIA FOR DEVELOPMENT (PRACTICAL)

Paper Code: DCE911

Credits: 6

Max. Marks: 100

Teaching Hours: 3 practicals /week (3 hours/practical)

Teaching Workload: 45 practicals /semester

Objectives- To enable students to:

- 1. understand the functioning of various print media.
- acquire skill of writing news for print media and script for Radio, Television and E-Newsletter.

(Contents	Practical
1.	Prepare a scrap book of development related advertisement and news from the Newspaper	5
2. 3. 4. 5	Design an advertisement on social issue for print media, radio and T.V collect and exhibit news on development issues on bulletin board Visits any media house and submit reports. Write news and a feature for print media relating to Home Science issues. Script writing for Print Radio Television E-newsletters	8 6 4 6 16

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PSYCHOLOGY OF HUMANBEHAVIOUR (THEORY)

Paper Code: DCE C01

Credits: 4

Max. Marks: 100

Teaching Hours: 4 hours /week

Total Teaching Workload: 60 hours /semester

Objectives-

To enable students to -

- 1. understand the psychology of human behavior
- 2. develop a relationship between characteristics of human behavior and extension process

3. know the process of diffusion of innovation

Unit	T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	,					
		Hours					
1	Psychology: meaning, scope and importance in extension education	5					
2	Learning- Concept, elements of learning, learning situation, learning styles, Theories	6					
	of learning, Principles of effective learning, types of learning, learning experience						
3	Motivation: nature, characteristics, Maslow's theory of motivation and types of	6					
	motives and motivation, motivating learners	U					
4	Perception: Nature, types, selectivity in perception, sensory factors in perception,						
	importance of perception in extension work	6					
Unit	II						
5	Defense mechanisms: Types and importance						
6	Emotion: Nature types of amotional regresses and C	4					
	Emotion: Nature, types of emotional response, role of emotion in regulating human behaviour	5					
7							
8	Thinking and Memory- Concept, factors and types of memory	4					
o .	Personality and individual differences, personality as a set of traits and personality as	6					
	the self, characteristics, determinants, Roger's self theory, Maslow's self actualization						
T Tun Sale	theory.						
Unit							
9	Body language in communication- Concept, main aspects of body language,	6					
	gestures, body movements, behavior, emotions, tone of voice vibration and moods						
	advantages of learning body language						
10	Group Behavior- Group behavior, classification of group, decision making in group	4					
11	Process to adoption - Innovation, diffusion, adoption process and adopters	4					
	categories	7					
12	Attitudes- Meaning and characteristics, formation of stereotypes and prejudices,	4					
	factors in attitude, factors guiding change in attitude	4					
Dofe	attitude						

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- 1. Atwater, E., Psychology for living: Adjustmennt, Growth and Behaviour Today. Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi. 1995
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SCIENTIFIC WRITING (THEORY)

Paper Code: DCE C02

Credits: 4

Max. Marks: 100

Teaching Hours: 4hours/week

Total Teaching Workload: 60 hours /semester

Objectives:

- 1. To be able to appreciate and understand the importance of writing scientifically
- 2. To develop competence in writing and abstracting skills for different writing needs
- 3. To develop the writing ability and to review different types of scientific literature

Conte	nt	Hours	
UNIT-	I	A A V GA I	
1	Overview of different types of scientific writing for-		8
	a. Dissertation		and the same of th
	b. Research Article/ Scientific paper		
	c. Abstract		
	d. Review paper		
	e. Reports and Monographs		
2	Formulating outlines as a starting device and filling in the outlines-		5
	a. Topic outline		
	b. Conceptual outline		
	c. Theme outline		
3	Tables and illustrations and systematic means of presenting data-		5
	a. Table, flowcharts, footnotes		and the state of t
	b. Graph, diagrams.		
UNIT-	II		
4	Components of scientific writing-	The state of the s	16
	a. Introduction and objectives		Tribudy and bridge propagation
	b. Review of literature		

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16	c.	Methods and materials		
7	d.	Results and discussion		
	e.	Summary and conclusion		
	f.	Limitations, recommendations and future Scope		
	g.	Bibliography/ References		
		- Different types of writing styles- APA, MLA, (Chicago	
	h.	Appendices		
UNIT				
5	Preparing of	drafts and improving drafts for Scientific writing-		13
	a.	Paganah Artiala/Scientific mana		
	b.	Research Article/ Scientific paper Abstract		
		Review paper		
	u.	Reports		
5	Writing and	d presenting a research proposal for grants-		8
		1 Successive Proposition States		O
	a.	Background information		
	b.	Justification		
	c.	Rationale and importance		
		Pilot study		
	1	Research proposal		
	f.	Time-frame		
	g.	Outcome of the study and its implications		
	1	Budgeting		
	i.	Summary		
	References-			
	References-			
1.	APA, Public	eation manual of American Psychological Association, 3 rd	Edition Washington 1004	
2.	Cooper HM	I. Integrating research, A guide for literature review	2nd Edition Saga multi-	ntion-
	California, 1	989.	w, 2 Euthon, Sage publica	ations
3.	,	nd others, Disseminating Research: Changing profile, Sag	andiation 1004	
	- v 1 V (II	Sagarana, Disseminating Research. Changing profile, Sag	ge publications, 1994.	

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CONTEMPORARY DEVELOPMENTAL ISSUES IN HOME SCIENCE (PRACTICAL) Paper Code: DCE C11 Credits: 4 Max. Marks: 100 Teaching Hours: 2practicals /week (3 hours/practical) Teaching Workload: 30 practicals /semester Objectives-To enable students to: 1. develop insights regarding the developmental issues of Home Science. 2. acquires skills in collecting and organizing subject content on the selected topics. Content 1 Each student will select one topic related to any of the stream of home science. 2 Present and discuss the topic in the classroom in form of abstract for approval 3 Prepare the seminar paper referring books, mono graphs, reports and websites and later |8

DISSERTATION- I (PRACTICAL)

5 Present final paper with the help of effective teaching aids in the class room

Paper Code: DCE C12

professional journals.

Credits: 6

Max. Marks: 100

Teaching Hours: 3 practicals /week (3 hours/practical)

Teaching Workload: 45 practicals /semester

4 Design effective presentations for the paper

Objectives:

1. To enable student to make and present a plan for research

2. To impart systematic and practical knowledge of research & its applied aspects

3. To develop scientist quality in student

Cont		Practical
1.	Identification, analysis and selection of research problem and its relevance collecting relevant review and research paper regarding to research problem	15
2.	Synopsis writing and power point presentation	30
	 Introduction 	
	Rational of the study *	
	• Objectives	
	 Review of literature (minimum 20 literatures should be cited) 	
	Brief methodology	
	Plan of action	
	 Bibliography 	
Refer	ences:	1

Refer available journals, research studies and abstract books

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S. No	Subject Code	Course title	Category	Category Credit Contact Hours per week	Hours per		EO: Dura (Ho	tion	
		,			L	Т	P	Th.	P
1	DCE X01	Extension Administration and Supervision	CCC	4	4	0	0	3	0
2	DCE X02	Training Process and Methods	CCC	4	4	0	0	3	0
3	DCE X03	Information Communication Technology for Development	CCC	4	4	0	0	3	0
4	DCE X11	Information Communication Technology for Development	CCC	6	0	0	9	0	4
5	DCE D01	Rural Journalism	ECC	4	4	0	0	3	0
6	DCE D02	Gender Sensitization	ECC	4	4	0	0	3	0
7	DCE D11	Training Process and Methods	SSECC	4	0	0	6	0	4
8	DCE D12	Dissertation-II	ECC	6	0	0	9	0	4

CCC=18, ECC=18 Total=36

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FOURTH SEMESTER

	EXTENSION ADMINISTRATION AND SUPERVISION (THEORY)				
	per Code: DCEX01				
	redits: 4				
	ax. Marks: 100				
	aching Hours: 4hours /week				
10	tal Teaching Workload: 60 hours /semester				
Ol	ojectives:				
То	enable students to				
	1. understand the principles of administration, co-ordination and supervision.				
	2. be aware of the administrative structure of the rural development programmes in In	dia.			
	3. understand basic elements in extension management.				
Co	ntents:				
UN	NT-I	ours			
1	Concept, meaning, nature and purpose of administration in extension and rural	6			
	development				
2	Public and private administration	2			
3	Principle of administration and increase efficiency in administration	1			
4	Organization- meaning, type, uses of centralization and decentralization in				
•	organization, scalar principle and span of control	0			
5	Concept- meaning, characteristics of extension management.	A			
	III- II	4			
5	Authority and delegation of authority- need, principles and process of delegation of	6			
	authority, differences between authority and power, factors effecting for building of an	O			
	extension organization				
6	Principles of management	5			
7	Theories of management - scientific management theory, classical organization	<i>M</i>			
	theory, the behavioral theory of management.	/			
UN	IT-III				
8	Coordination -meaning, need and factors infusing coordination and achieving	4			
	coordination				
9	Supervision - meaning, principles and characteristics or traits desirable in extension	4			
	supervisor	400			
10	Administrative set up and function - administrative structure and function of the rural	12			
	development programme in India, MGNREGA, SGSY, PMGSY, ICDS, Mid-Day				
	Meal programme etc				
References-					
	1. Sharma D.P. Public Administration in Theory and Practice, KitabMahal Publica	tion,			
	Patna, Bihar, 1976.				
	2. Dahama, O.P. and Bhatnagar O.P. Education and Communication for Development	nent.			
	Oxford and IBH Publishing, New Delhi, 1980.				
	3. Mishra, S.N. and Verma, B.M. Evaluation of Training of Rural Youth for	Self			
	Employment (TRYSEM) in Rajasthan, 1982.				
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TRAINING PROCESS AND METHODS (THEORY)

Paper Code: DCE X02

Credits: 4

Max. Marks: 100

Teaching Hours: 4hours /week

Total Teaching Workload: 60 hours/semester

Objectives: To enable students to:

- 1. understand the concept of training, process, and design component of training.
- 2. develop skills regarding training management.

TILLE		
Unit		Hours
1.	Training- definition, concept, importance and features	4
2.	Difference between education and training	2
3.	Need Assessment	3
4.	Types- institutional, non institutional, orientation, refresher and in-service training	5
5	Experiential Learning cycle of Training	3
6	Elements of effective training	3
UNI	TII	
7.	Phases of training- Pre training, training and post training	3
8.	Elementary idea of training methods	6
9.	Designing training schedule	2
10.	Designing lesson plan for training	2
11.	Training evaluation	2
12	Management of training programme Physical arrangement- Selection of participants, selection of resource person, aids, equipment, transformation, finance and monitoring	7
VI 4	of training	
Unit		
13.	Organizational factors	4
14.	Funding agencies- ATMA, NABARD, RUDA, CAPART, RMoLetc	7
15.	Training Institutes- NIPCCD, RUDSET, NIRD, SIRD, KVK etc	7
Refe	rences:	

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- 2. Arthur, Winfred A., Jr., Winston Bennett Jr., Pamela S. Edens, and Suzanne T. Bell. "Effectiveness of Training in Organizations: A Meta-analysis of Design and Evaluation Features." Journal of Applied Psychology. 234–245. April, 2003
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INFORMATION COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY FOR DEVELOPMENT (THEORY)
Paper Code: DCEX03

Credits: 4

Credits: 4 Max. Marks: 100

Teaching Hours: 4hours /week

Total Teaching Workload: 60 hours /semester

		6	
Ol		etive:	
	1.	Create awareness among students about ICT and its application	for education and
		development.	
	2.	Understand the inter-relationship of different ICT's	
Co	nte	ents:	
UI	TIV	- IHours	
1	Co	oncept, meaning and definition of ICT	2

1		
1	Concept, meaning and definition of ICT	2
2	Characteristics and nature of ICT	2
3	Educational technology – meaning, scope and nature	2
4	ICT and education	2
5	Role of ICT in education, extension and development	2
6	ICT for adult education	2
7	Instructional design- meaning, benefits of instructional design	2
8	Steps of instructional design-	6
	analyze learners	
	• state objective	
	 select, modify and design material 	
	utilize material	
	evaluation	

	 evaluation 	
UI	NIT-II	
9	Processes related with ICT	3
	 Process related to teacher i. awareness to technology ii. adoption of innovation iii. competency to technology iv. capabilities of technology Process related to learner i. learners cognitive style ii. learning style Spectrum of instructional ICT- 	
	(')	19 1

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-		
	i. behaviorist instructional technology	a de la companya de l
	ii. cognitive instructional technology	
	iii. constructivist instructional technology	
10	e- Governance- Concept, Measures to be taken for e governance, e- commerce,	5
	initiatives under e-governance, Mahila E haat, Mobile governance	
11	Psychological principles of ICT- factors affecting and factors facilitating ICT	4
	learning	
12	Computer as tool of ICT-	6
	 computers for education and development- hardware, features and parts 	
	 classification according to- types, purpose and based on configurations/ 	nikeppidekki ha ro
	memory type	and the state of t
	 components of computers (only elementary idea)- 	
	 inputs and output hardware devices- CPU, key board, pointing device, 	entitronia del propositione del proposit
	scanner, image capturing device, combination of input and output device,	
	monitor, printer, smart board, disc drive, CD Rom, projectors	
	 elementary idea of software device- operating device, utilities, word 	
717.17	processor	
-	T-III	
13	Application of computers for development- Concept	6
	Computer assisted instruction (CAI)- instructional mode of CAI (tutorial, drill and	
	practice, simulation mode, discovery, gamin and dialogue), characteristics of CAI,	
	uses and preparation of CAI material, evaluation of CAI material Computer assisted learning (CAL)- characteristics and variety	
	Computer based training (CBT)	
	Computer managed learning (CML)	
14	Classification of ICT	1
15	Internet – history, internet as global village, internet and education, advantages of	4
	internet, uses/functions of internet	7
	Internet tools search engine and browser, assessing and sorting educational material,	
	chat, e-mail, blog, voice mails and their use for education	
16	Extranet- concept	2
	Synchronous and asynchronous modes of internet communication – relationship of	
	communication process with ICT	
17	Teleconferencing- audio and video conferencing, data conference/ text conferencing	2
18	Satellite in communication- videoconferencing and its technological aspects,	2
40	channels of video conferencing, kinds, process, advantage and limitations	
19	Educational portal- objectives, target groups and uses	3
<u> </u>		2
1	• verma, ivi. rechology in Digital Education Murarilal& Sons Ansari Road, Darya Delbi 2006	Ganj New
2	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2007
	Raidu C.S. Communication Himalaya Publishing House Mumboi 2000	ωυ/.
	Umme, K. Information communication Technology in Education II P. Pharague I	Rook
·		AUUK
5		
1 2 3 4	Raidu, C.S. Communication, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai, 2009. Umme, K. Information communication Technology in Education, H. P. Bhargave Honse, Agra, 2008.	2007.

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- 10. Basavaprabhu, Jirli, D., Handbook of Extension Education, Agrobios, Jodhpur, 2010.
- 11. E-content- http://vikaspedia.in/e-governance/mobile-governance/#content
- 12. http://unpan1.un.org/intradoc/groups/public/documents/un/Compendium_on_ICT_Applications Vol II 29 Dec 09.pdf

INFORMATION COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY FOR DEVELOPMENT (PRACTICAL)

Paper Code: DCE X11

Credits: 6

Max. Marks: 100

Teaching Hours: 3 practicals /week (3 hours/practical)

Teaching Workload: 45practicals /semester

Objectives: To develop skills in the students regarding-

- 1. designing educational portal.
- 2. preparing power point presentations.
- 3. preparing social advertisement for radio and T.V.

Praction	cal	Hours
1	Collect, discuss and prepare a resource file containing at least ten ICT	10
	techniques and new media- functioning, parts, advantages and disadvantages to understand their scope	
2	Collect some appraisal reports on role of ICT and new media used by different organization as a tool of development	6
3	Visit to electronic media centre	4
4	Utilization of ICT for effective communication	30
	 Content writing and designing and evaluation of material designed for ICT and new media Designing portal 	
	 Formal communication techniques using ICT and New media Preparation presentation using ICT and new media Evaluation using ICT and new media 	
5	Measurement and analysis of the ICT Development Index for India and other countries and its implications.	10

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RURAL JOURNALISM (THE ORY)

Paper Code: DCE D01

Credits: 4

Max. Marks: 100

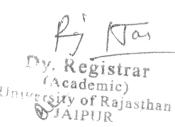
Teaching Hours: 4hours /week

Total Teaching Workload: 60 hours /semester

Objectives: To enable students to understand-

- the basics of journalism and develop a relationship of development and journalism
- the challenges of development from the journalistic perspective
- the relevance and advocacy to promote development journalism

Con	tent	Hours
UNI		
1 2	Journalism- concept, types, terminology and commandments Journalist- concept, role and responsibilities	3
3	Collection and transmission of journalistic information	2
4	Rural Journalism - nature, scope, importance, structure of villages, various problems or rural development, challenges of rural journalism, advances in farm or rural journalism.	
5	Development journalism- concept and challenges	4
6	The media- Press, Radio and Television	4
UNI	ГП	
7	News: definition &type news value, qualities of good writing elements of news, 5W & 1H concept of news structure of news story: introduction, body (Inverted Pyramids) etc. news gathering &sources of news, qualities of reporter	₹ 6
8	Headline: meaning, significance	2
9	Writing styles for news paper - Interview, Book review, Film Review, Feature-types and Characteristics, News article, Letter to the editor, Reporting a success story Cartoons	8
UNI	T III	
10	Photo journalism- principles and practices	3
11	Advertisement and Social marketing - concept, characteristics and concept, characteristics, and role of advertisement	4
12	Editor- editor, role and responsibilities, editing symbols and editorial department	3
13	Public relations- concept, principle, scope and methods	3
14	Media research methods- researches for print and electronic media	4
15	Technology advances in journalism	4



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GENDER SENSITIZATION (THEORY)

Paper Code: DCED02

Credits: 4

Max. Marks: 100

Teaching Hours: 4hours/week

Total Teaching Workload: 60 hours /semester

Objectives-

To enable students to:

- 1. sensitize students about gender issues
- 2. develop a gender eye about social and economic status of women

Contents:

Un	it- I	Hours
1.	Socialization: meaning, definition and stages	3
2	Social construction of gender- sex and gender, gender discrimination, gender stereotyping, gender roles and gender needs— practical and strategic	4
3	Factors influencing gender differences in health, education, occupation, resources and socio cultural practices	4
4	Issue related to women- divorce, widowhood, female commercial sex worker.	2
5	Domestic violence: types and incidences	2
5	Problem of elderly and single women	2
7	Empowerment- need, importance, social aspects of women empowerment transition of women towards new millennium	4
UN	IT- II	
3	Women and livelihood- Women in informal work and women in employment opportunities and limitations	t : 4
)	Gender budgeting and gender eye	3
0	Gender and poverty alleviation	3
11	Women and microfinance	3

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1 12	Social safety for women in workplace	2
13	Status of girl child in India and Rajasthan	2
UI	NIT-III	
14	Sex ratio, nutritional status and educational status	4
15	Practices limiting women's development: child marriages, dowry, female feticide	7
16	Obstacles to women education	2
17	Education as a tool of women empowerment.	3
18	Technologies and empowerment- gender specific technologies, household	6
	technologies interface, social – cultural interface and women as consumer of	
	technologies	

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TRAINING PROCESS AND METHODS (PRACTICAL) Paper Code: DCE D11 Credits: 4 Max. Marks: 100 Teaching Hours: 2 classes /week (3 hours/class) Total Teaching Workload: 30 practical /semester Objectives: To enable students to develop skills in 1. need assessment process. 2. designing training programme. 3. organizing training. 4. evaluate a training programme. Contents: Classes Need identification of target group/ community 1. 6 2. Designing training schedule up to one week 2 Developing lesson plan according to the schedule 3. 8 Developing skills in selection and use of different training methods-lecture, brain 4. 14 storming, role play, group discussion, transactional analysis, buzz group, games and demonstration 8 5. Organize and conduct training programme 2 Evaluation of the training conducted DISSERTATION II (PRACTICAL) Paper Code: DCE D12 Credits: 6 Max. Marks: 100 Teaching Hours: 3 practicals /week (3 hours/practical) Teaching Workload: 45practicals /semester Objectives: 1. To enable student to write & present thesis 2. To impart systematic and practical knowledge of research & its applied aspects

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3. To develop scientist quality in student

	Data collection, analysis & interpretation of data in form graphs, charts, tables &	30
	others	
2.	Thesis writing and presentation I	12
	 Introduction 	
	Review of literature	
	 Materials and methods 	
	Result and discussions	
3.	Thesis writing and presentation II	12
	 Conclusion 	
	• Summary	
	 Bibliography 	
	 Annexure 	
4.	Writing and submission of one research paper based on conducted research findings	6
Refer	ences:	
Refer	available journals, research studies and abstract books	

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